

Landsat 7 & 8 Long Term Acquisition Plan

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U.S. Department of the Interior

U.S. Geological Survey

Landsat Long-Term Acquisition Plan

Long-term monitoring science mission

- ◆ Low and mid latitude day-lit descending land Landsat 7 & 8
- High latitude and island day-lit descending land Landsat 8

Special Requests and Campaigns

- Ascending day-lit land Persistently-cloudy high-latitude areas – Landsat 8
- Ocean monitoring Vegetation; Oil seeps and spills; Ships Landsat 8
- Night monitoring Volcanoes; Urban heat island/city lights;
 Fire; Geothermal Landsat 8
- Priority Emergency; Field campaigns Landsat 7 & 8
 - Will attempt to shift maneuvers and calibration activities
- Calibration and validation Landsat 7 & 8



Landsat Long-Term Acquisition Plan

Sun elevation constraints

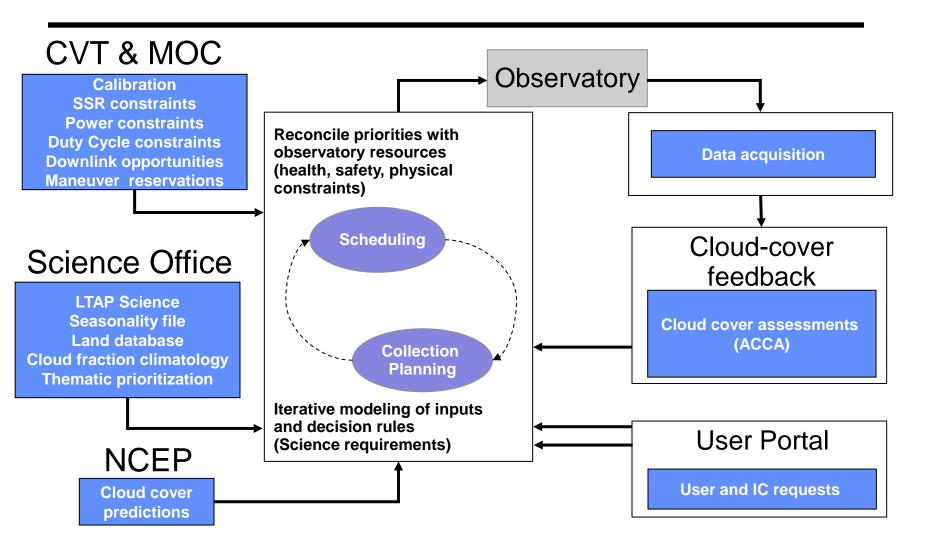
- ◆ Landsat 7 (15° N & 5° S)
- Landsat 8 (5° N & 5° S)

Cloud avoidance

- Cloud predictions better than cloud climatology increase probability of acquisition
- Automatic Cloud Cover Assessments of acquired images identify successful acquisitions
- Missed opportunity boost
- Acquire one 10% or better image per year over interior Antarctica



Landsat Schedulers

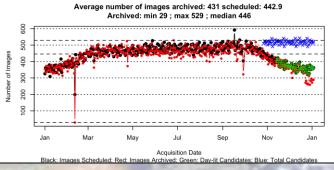


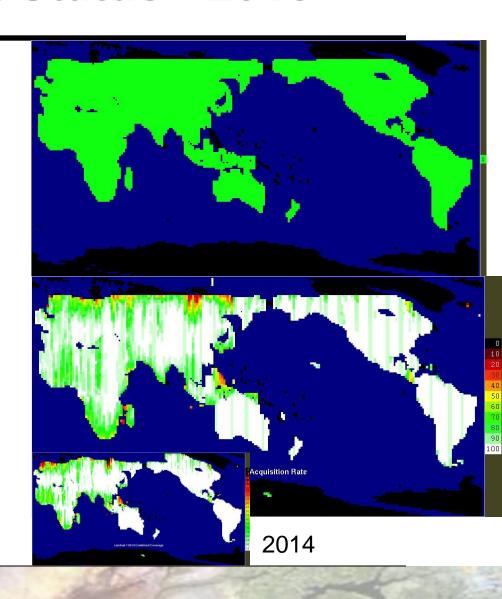


Landsat 7 Current Status - 2015

Acquire only continental land masses

- minimize revisit time and
- maximize interval lengths
- Most rejects are due to
 - duty cycle and
 - memory constraints
- No daily limits
- Map of 95% acquired







Landsat 7 Goals

Tune Landsat 7 Continental Model

- Acquire as many images as possible
- Acquire the best possible images
- Do nothing to shorten the mission

Reduce duty cycle rejections by relaxing constraints

- Duty constraint raised to 105% of current (1 March)
- Careful monitoring of telemetry
- Duty cycle rejections tend to shift to memory rejections

Increase download opportunities

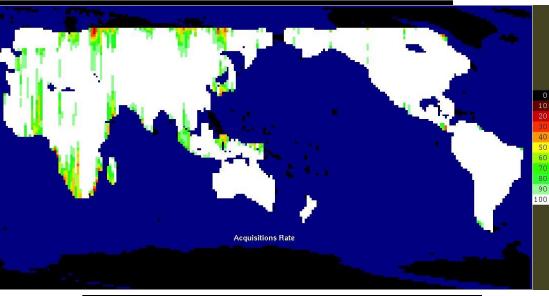
- Add International cooperators as "bent-pipe" LGN stations
- Adds operational margin in anticipation of future memory board losses or loss of LGN station



Landsat 7 Models

- Relax ETM+ duty cycle constraints to 105% on 1 March
- Current LGN contacts
- Benefits
 - 15 additional scenes/day
 - Fewer power cycles
- Costs
 - More SSR rejects
 - Higher percent duty cycle

Daily Average Metrics	Baseline
	460 scenes/day
Acquisition Rate (LGN)	(93.4% of
	candidates)
ETM+ duty cycle	15.0%
ETM+ power cycles	17.9
SSR Capacity Rejects	0.23
ETM+ Duty Cycle Rejects	31.5



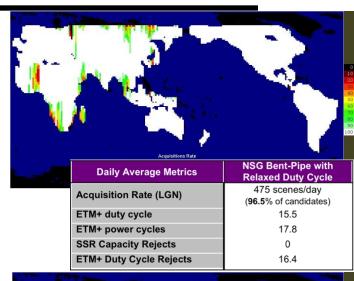
Daily Average Metrics	Relaxed Duty Cycle Constraints
Acquisition Rate (LGN)	475 scenes/day
	(96.5% of candidates)
ETM+ duty cycle	15.4%
ETM+ power cycles	17.3
SSR Capacity Rejects	1.75
ETM+ Duty Cycle Rejects	15.0

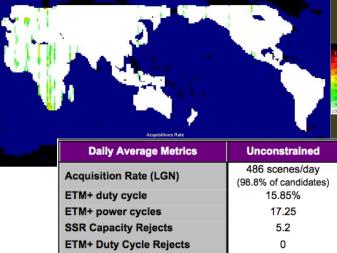
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Landsat 7 Models

- Relaxed ETM+ duty cycle constraints (105%)
- Current LGN contacts plus NSG (Germany)
- Provides margin, but harms distribution
- No ETM+ duty cycle constraints
- All rejections are caused by memory constraints
- What is the value of the 9 extra images?
- Where next
 - Further Duty Cycle relaxation more images
 - Additional Ground Stations redundancy versus reliability
 - Clip at row 16 no need for more stations







Landsat 8 acquisitions – 2015

LTAP status (2015 at 725 images/day)

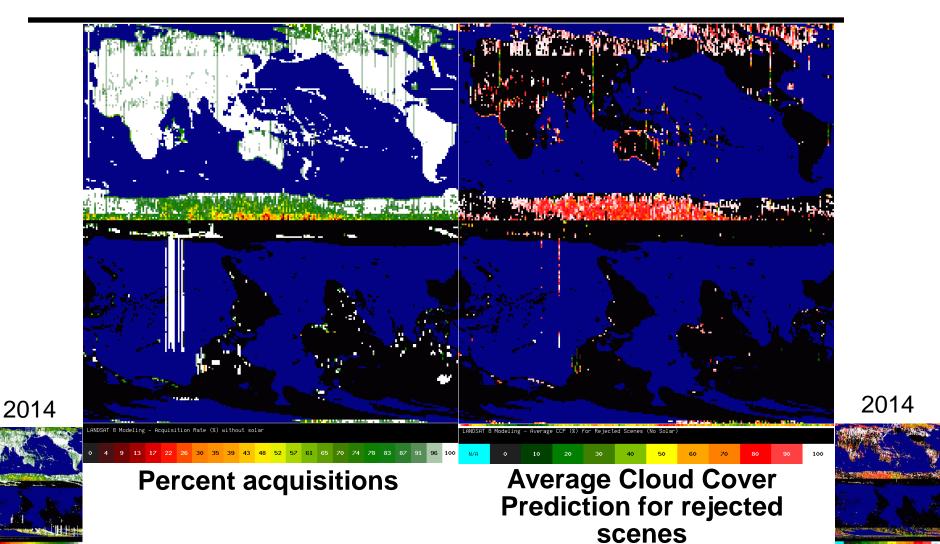
- Acquiring 421 of mid-latitude day-lit land scenes (99.5% of candidates)
 - beyond 54° Latitude (rows 20 and 105) there is more than 50% side-lap yielding an 8-day revisit period
- Acquiring 238 of high-latitude day-lit land scenes (90.5%)
- Acquiring 13 descending day-lit water scenes/day (98.3%)

Special Requests

- Night requests 10 images/night
 - Constraint increased from 10 (Jan-Jun) to 20 (Jun-Dec) to 50 (Dec)
 - Volcano (12 requests for 128 scenes)
 - Urban (6 requests for 185 scenes)
 - Fire (12 requests for 96 scenes)
- Ocean Requests 16 images/day
 - Arctic sea ice (5 campaigns 403 scenes sun elevation constrained)
 - Ocean (10 requests for 181 scenes)
- Ascending day-lit land requests 7 images/day (483 Antarctic & 111 Arctic – sun elevation constrained)

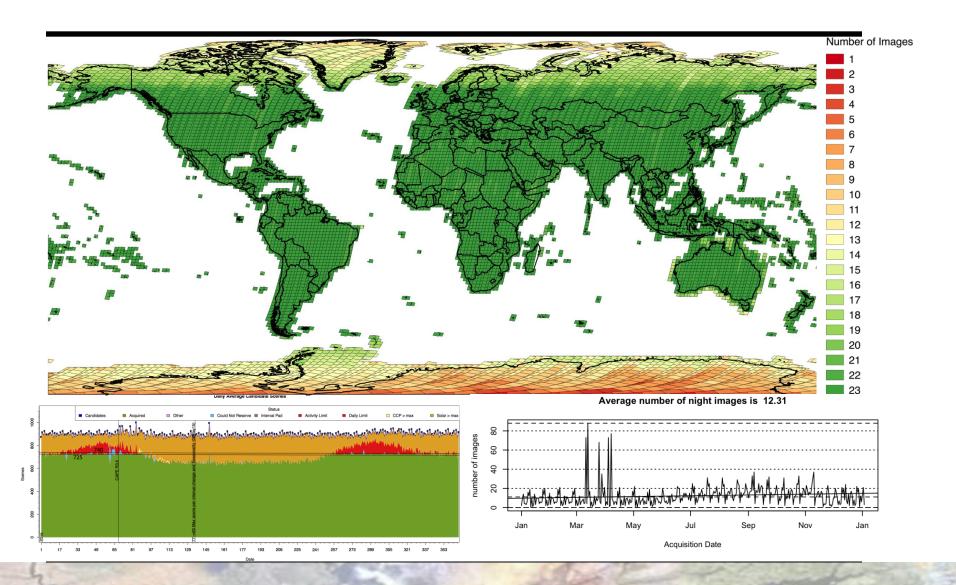


Landsat 8 Acquisitions - 2015





Landsat 8 – LTAP scenes





Arctic LTAP and Special Requests

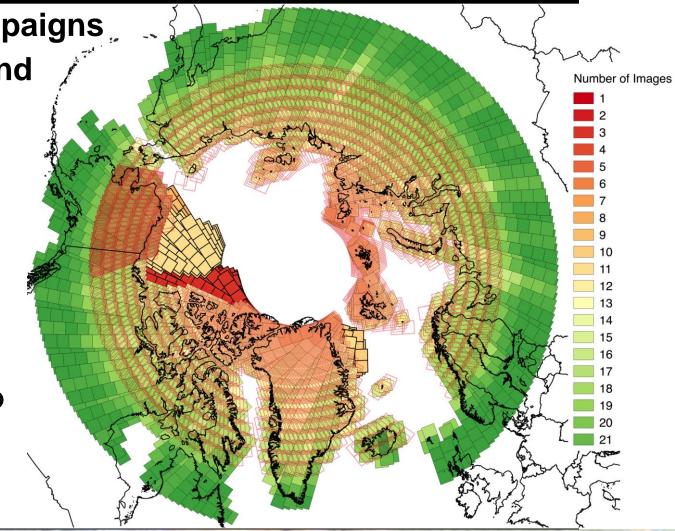
• 3 sea ice campaigns

Iceland asc and desc

Asc Alaska campaign

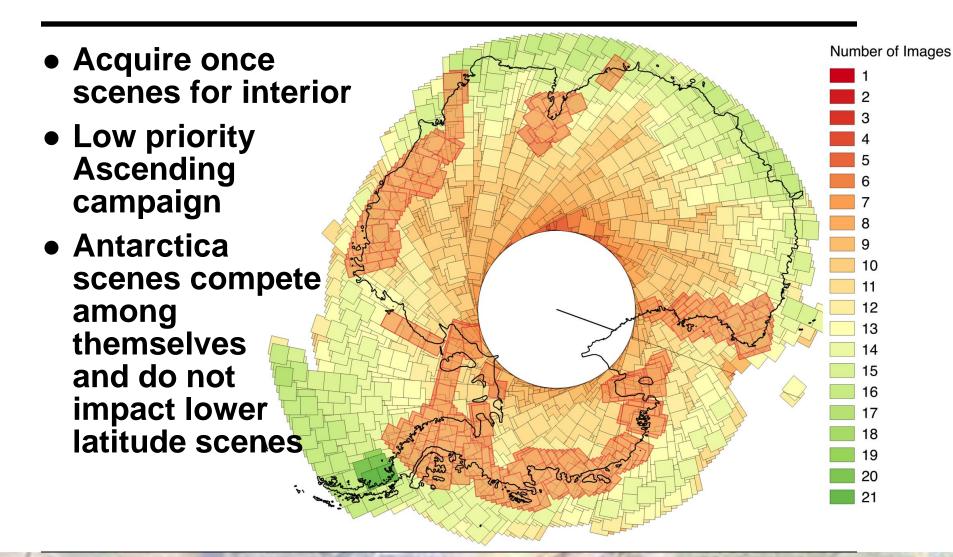
 Average of 650 day-lit candidates

 Considering adding Arctic asc scenes to LTAP at low priority (red outline)





Antarctic LTAP and Special Requests





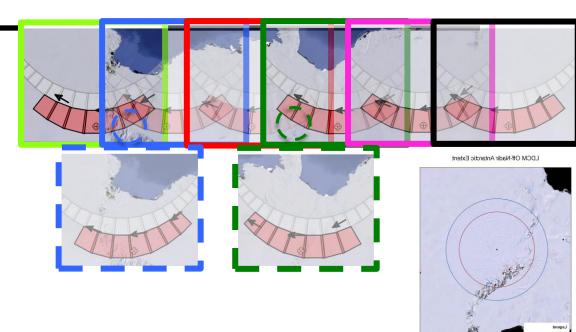
Antarctic and Arctic Off-nadir Requests

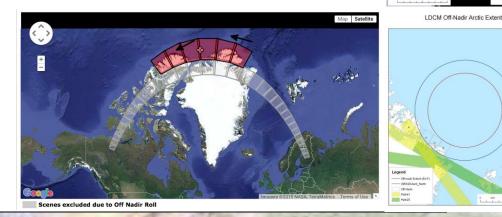
Antarctica

- 6 off-nadir paths 60 degree steps
- 2 off-nadir paths to cover ends of Transantarctic Mountains
- Expect to repeat variation annually

Arctic

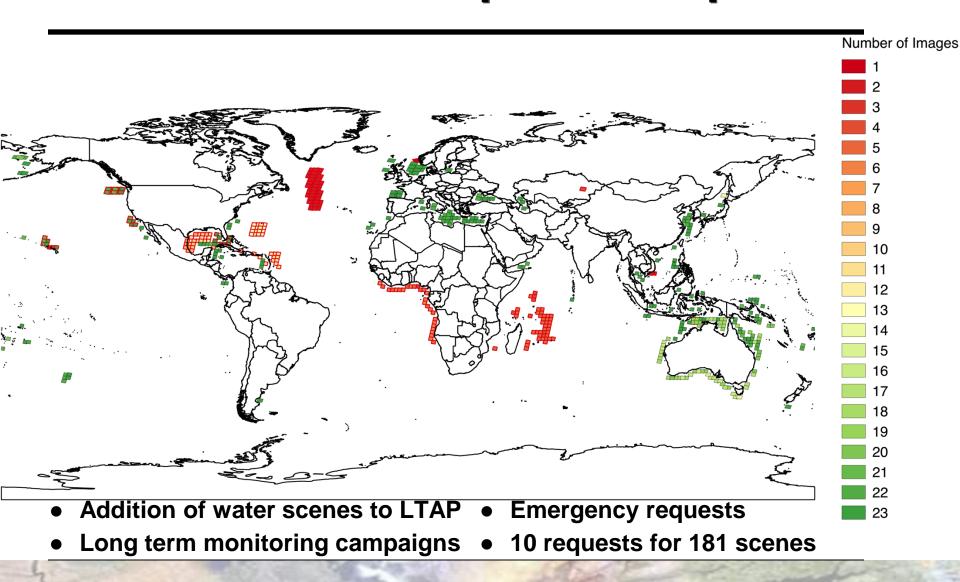
- 1 off-nadir path
- Impacts Canada and Scandinavia, but with 8 day asc & desc revisit time





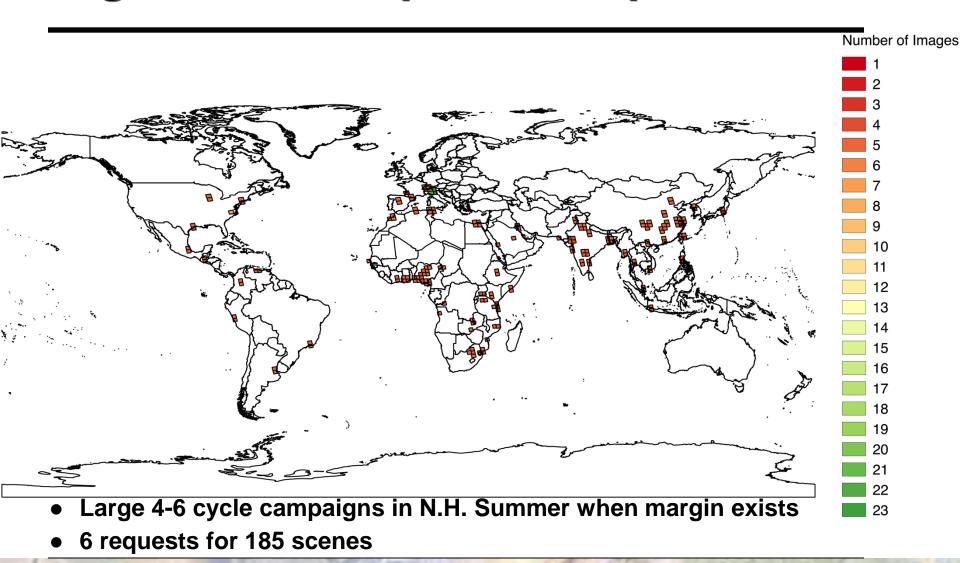


Ocean LTAP and Special Requests



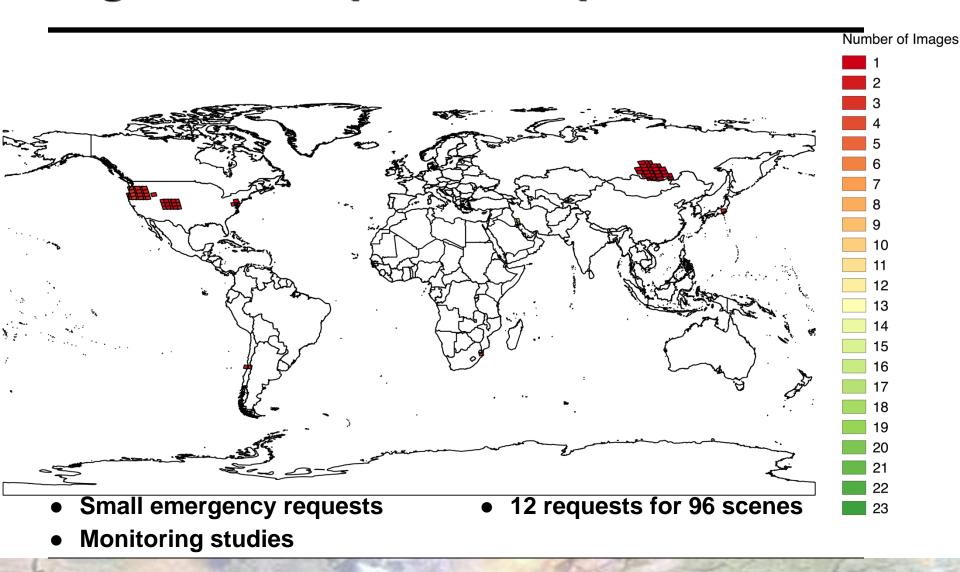


Night - Urban Special Requests



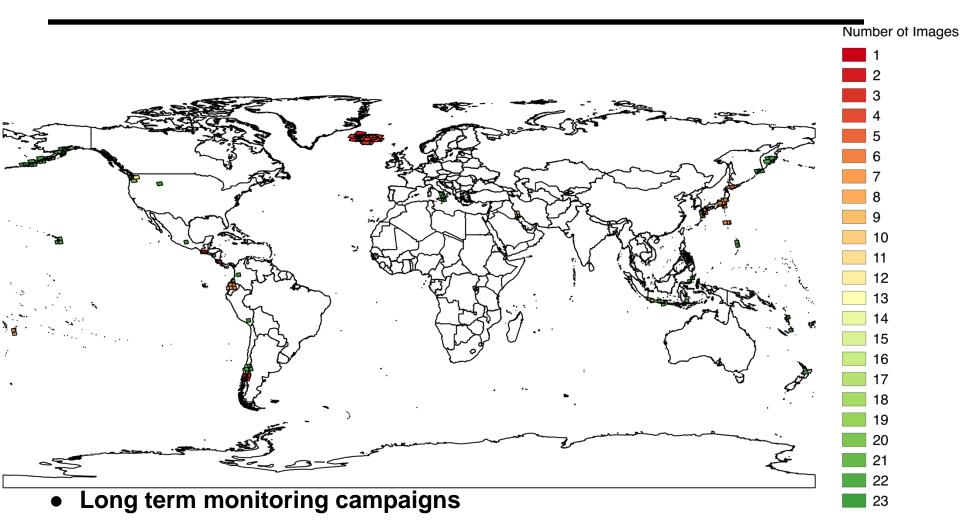


Night - Fire Special Requests





Night - Volcano Special Requests



• 12 requests for 128 scenes



An Evolving Scheduling Paradigm

Landsat 7

- Maximize repeat coverage of continental land masses
- Maximize health and safety of mission
- Coordinate acquisitions with Landsat 8
- Increase ground station contacts and relax duty cycle constraints to maximize acquisitions between now and endof-mission

Landsat 8

- Reduce daily-limit rejects for descending day-lit land scenes
- Continue large ocean, night and ascending campaigns in non-interference manner with day-lit descending land acquisitions
- Investigate inclusion of ascending Arctic in LTAP at low priority



Questions to Landsat Science Team

Importance of Landsat 7

- Boreal versus tropical coast
- Cost (time, money, reliability) for more Ground Stations
- Acceptable risk for relaxed duty cycle

Importance of Landsat 8

- Arctic day-lit ascending
- Night (fire, volcano and urban) and ocean campaigns
- Antarctica philosophy





Thank You! Questions?